

Prescot Urban District Council.



ANNUAL REPORT

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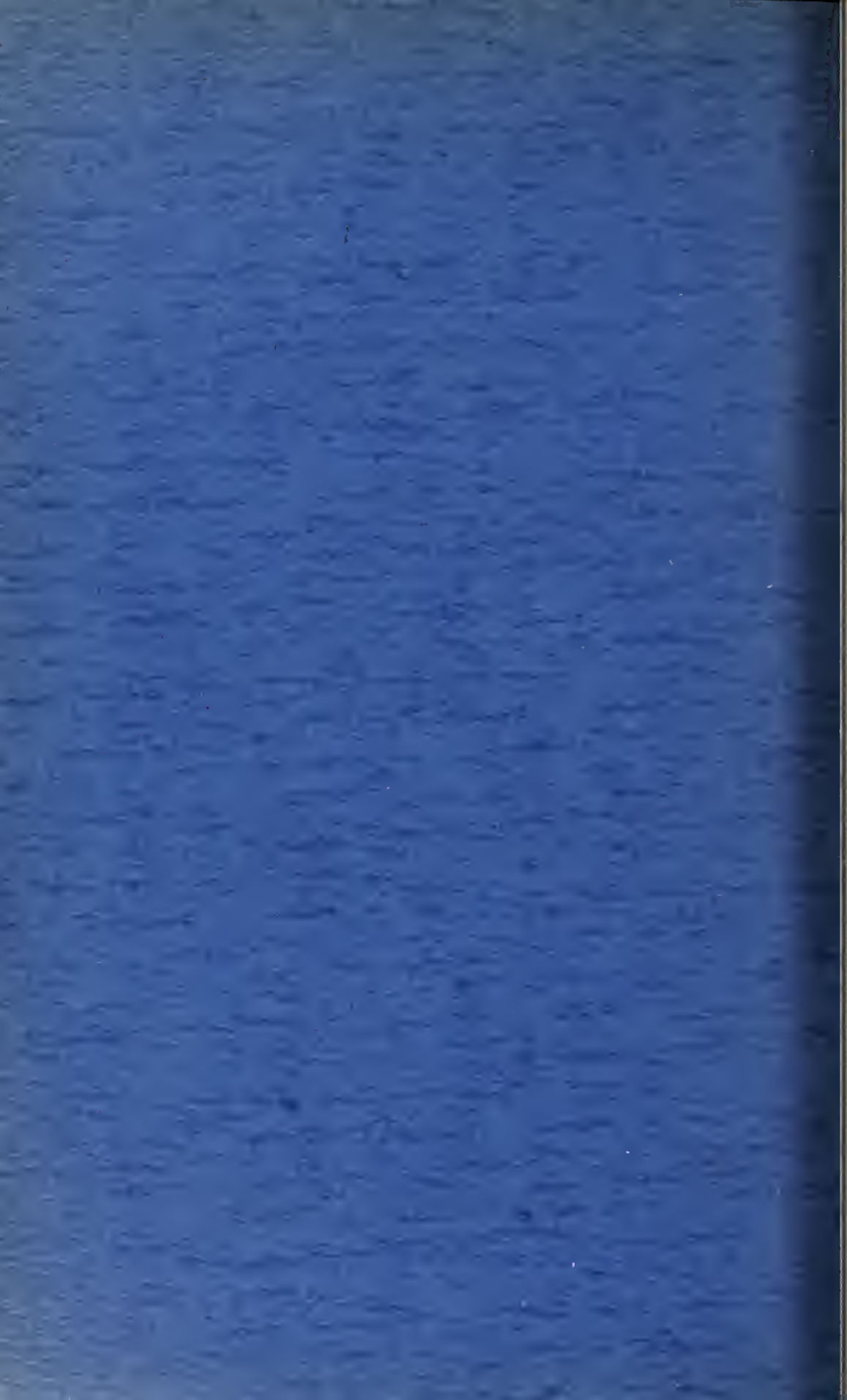
S. M. GREEN,
M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health for the
Prescot Urban District,

FOR THE YEAR 1939.



SCALES & WELSBY, Printers, High Street, Prescot.



PRESCOT URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health

for the Year 1939

SUMMARY of the particulars required by the Ministry of Health Circular 1961, dated the 16th February, 1940.

1.—STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area, in Acres	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	875
Population—Census, 1931, 9,396.	Registrar	General's	Estimate	of					
resident population, 1938	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,510	
Number of inhabited houses (Census 1931)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,202	
End of 1939 according to Rate Books	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,175	
Rateable value	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	£59,144	
Sum represented by a Penny Rate	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	£225	

Social conditions, including the chief industries carried on in the area.—The chief occupation of the inhabitants is Cable making (Electrical) at the Works of Messrs. British Insulated Cables Ltd. Printing and Bookbinding are also important industries in the town.

Extent of unemployment.—Approx. 5%.

The influence of any particular occupation on public health.—None.

Particulars of any unusual or excessive mortality during the year which has received or required comment.—None.

Any causes of sickness or invalidty which have been specially noteworthy in the area during the year.—Excess Diphtheria.

Any conditions of occupation or environment which appear to have had a prejudicial effect on health.—None.

Any evidence, statistical or otherwise, that unemployment has excercised any significant influence on the health or physique of children or adults.—None.

2.—GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA.

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE LOCAL AUTHORITY.

Medical Officer of Health : Dr. S. M. Green, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.
 Remuneration (including bonus, if any) as M.O.H. at 31/12/1939—£190.
 Is he a whole or part-time officer of the local authority? Part time.
 Any other public appointments held by him? Certifying Factory Surgeon.
 Is he in private practice? Yes.

Sanitary Inspector. One. Mr. Charles J. Hulme., A.R. San., I., M.S.I.A.
 Remuneration (including bonus, if any) as Sanitary Inspector at 31/12/1939.
 £320 inclusive of allowance £5 as Inspector of Factories.
 Is he a whole or part-time officer? Whole time.

Veterinary Inspector. Yes.

Remuneration. £20 per annum.

Are his duties entirely in connection with action under the Tuberculosis Order, 1935?
 Yes.

Does he make a routine examination of every herd in the district? Yes.

If so, how often? Quarterley.

Any other Specialised Inspectors (*e.g.*, Food Inspector)? No.

Other Public Health Officers, such as Assistant Medical Officer of Health, Health Visitors, Special Nurses, Dental Surgeon, etc. None.

AMBULANCE FACILITIES :

- (a) For Infectious cases
 - (b) Non-infectious and accident cases.
 - (c) Maternity patients.
- Comment briefly on adequacy of Ambulance service, etc.

Motor Ambulance of Joint Hospital Board.
 Motors from Whiston Infirmary and Messrs. British Insulated Cables, Ltd., Prescott.
 Ditto.
 Services adequate.

CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES :

- Is there in your district—
- Maternity and Child Welfare Centre (Consultation and treatment).
 Address of centre.
 Give day and time open.
- Ante-Natal Clinic
 Day Nursery.
 School Clinic.
- Orthopaedic Clinic.
 Artificial Light Clinic.
 Tuberculosis Dispensary.
 Venereal Diseases Treatment Centre.

Yes.
 Old Grammar School, High Street, Prescott.
 Monday and Thursday each week from 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
 Yes, as above, Tuesday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
 No.
 Yes, as above, Monday and Thursday, 9.30 a.m. to noon.
 Yes, ditto, only by appointment.
 No.
 No.
 No.

PROFESSIONAL NURSING IN THE HOME :

Nature of arrangements made by the local authority in the district for—

(a) General Nursing.

None.

(b) For infectious diseases, *e.g.* Measles, etc.

None.

Total Amount of financial assistance given by local authority to voluntary associations.

None.

New legislation (if any) and date of operation :—

Local Acts.

None.

Special Local Orders.

None.

General Adoptive Acts.

None.

Bye-laws relating to public health.

None.

Observations as to their administration.

None.

Hospitals in the District :—

(a) Public.

None.

(b) Voluntary.

None.

Is there any Institutional provision in your area for :—

Unmarried mothers. Yes, at Whiston Infirmary, provided by the Lancashire County Council.

Illegitimate infants

do.

do.

Homeless children

do.

do.

Health Education :—

Any action taken during the year in regard to the publication of information or dissemination of knowledge relating to health or disease? (*e.g.* Health Week, Special Lectures, etc.)

Lectures at Schools to parents on Diphtheria and Immunisation.

Posters exhibited and leaflets distributed.

Give brief description of special efforts made locally in connection with National Health Campaign to secure a wider use of the health services?

List of Health Services printed and deposited at the General P.O. where a notice to that effect is displayed.

3.—SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

<p>Water supply : Source.</p> <p>Is supply satisfactory ?</p> <p>Constant or intermittent.</p> <p>Approximate number of dwelling-houses with piped supplies (public and private).</p> <p>Possibilities of contamination.</p> <p>Action taken in respect of any form of contamination.</p> <p>Any liability to plumbo-solvent action ?</p> <p>If piped supply, state if water has been controlled by bacteriological examination.</p> <p>Approx. No. of dwelling-houses * supplied from wells, springs, streams, etc.</p> <p>Have these waters been analysed during the year ? If so, state result.</p> <p>Any insufficiency, and where.</p> <p>Nature of extensions (if any) during the year.</p>	<p>Liverpool Corporation, from Lakes Vyrnwy and Rivington.</p> <p>(a) In quality ; Yes. (b) In quantity ; Yes. Constant.</p> <p>Direct from Mains 3271. By stand pipe, 9.</p> <p>None known.</p> <p>None.</p> <p>No.</p> <p>If so, No. of examinations. None by District Council.</p> <p>Nil.</p> <p>—</p> <p>No Supply to Carr Lane and Hole-ith-Wall.</p> <p>Mains extended to New Building Sites.</p>
<p>Rivers and Streams—</p> <p>Action taken to check the pollution of streams.</p> <p>Sources and nature of pollution.</p> <p>Have any new works been established (such as artificial silk works, cheese manufactories, etc.), and is there any resultant river pollution ?</p>	<p>Inspection and informal action.</p> <p>Trade Waste.</p> <p>No.</p>
<p>Drainage and Sewerage—</p> <p>Sewage disposal works, method of treatment.</p> <p>Any extension or improvement during the year with regard to works and sewerage system.</p> <p>Areas, or Townships, without proper drainage system, and reason therefore.</p> <p>Action taken—Drain testing, flushing, etc.</p>	<p>Hydrolytic Tank and Bacterial Filters.</p> <p>No.</p> <p>Hole-Ith-Wall and High Hill Farm areas. No sewer available.</p> <p>Sewers are regularly inspected and flushed.</p>

Closet Accommodation at end of 1939 :
(In this connection note last year's figures)

Does this system still exist in populous
and closely built centres ?

Conversions—

No. of privy closets

To fresh w.c.'s
To waste w.c.'s
To pails, etc.

No. of pail closets

To fresh w.c.'s
To waste w.c.'s

No. of waste w.c.'s to fresh w.c.'s.

No. of houses at which movable ashbins
have been substituted for fixed recep-
tacles

Is there any definite policy at the present
time for abolishing privy middens and
pail closets ?

Does Council contribute towards the cost
of conversion ? If so, how much ?

What kind of closet accommodation is
being provided for *new* property ?

Privy Middens.—No. of middens, 1938,
12 ; 1939, 12 ; No. of closets attached
to these middens, 12.

No.

No. of pail closets, 5. No. of dry ashpits
(*excluding middens*), 76. No. of fresh
water closets 3,949. No. of movable
ashbins for refuse, 3,238. No. of
waste water closets, 18. No. of houses
on water carriage system, 3,268.

During year 1939.	During five years. 1934—1938
None	6
None	None
None	None
None	19
None	None
None	None
8	193

Yes.

Half cost and Ashbin
towards conversion of midden.

Fresh Water.

Public Cleansing—

(a) The method of collecting dry
house refuse

(b) The method of collecting refuse
from earth closets and privies.

(c) The method of disposing of dry
house refuse.

(d) The method of disposing of refuse
from earth closets and privies.

(e) The method of cleansing cess-
pools.

(f) Arrangements for the disposal
of cesspool contents.

If a destructor provided, state situa-
tion.

Motor Dust Lorry.

Ditto.

Controlled tipping on land.

Ditto.

Emptying by hand pump.
Discharge on to land adjoining the Sewage
Disposal Works.

None provided.

<p>State whether public cleansing is carried out by sanitary authority, contract, or occupiers of houses ? Any extension or improvement during the year in the arrangements ? Are motor vehicles used ? If privy middens exist, are they emptied by day or night ? Does the Sanitary Inspector supervise the scavenging ?</p>	<p>Sanitary Authority. No. Yes. By day. No, surveyor.</p>
<p>Sanitary Inspections during 1939— (including Housing—See 3 B†) No. of premises visited. Defects or nuisances.</p> <p>No. of Notices served. Legal proceedings.</p>	<p>711. No. discovered (excluding defects in houses for action under Sec. 11 of the Housing Act, 1936), 432. No. abated, 443. Informal 432, Statutory 29. None.</p>
<p>Smoke Abatement :</p> <p>Any action taken with regard to smoke abatement ? No. of factory and works chimneys in the district. No. of legal proceedings taken and result. Particulars of any co-operative action with industry. What is the time limit allowed for the emission of black smoke per hour ?</p>	<p>Attention of Factories drawn to excessive emission of smoke. 20. None. Committee interviewed heads of large Factory re smoke and grit emission. None fixed.</p>
<p>Shops and Offices— Particulars of any action taken under provisions of Shops Act, 1934, relating to : (a) Ventilation of Shops. (b) Temperature of Shops.</p> <p>(c) Sanitary Conveniences.</p>	<p>412 visits to shops. None. Preliminary notices served in relation to 1 shop and Heating apparatus provided.</p>
<p>Swimming Baths and Pools— (a) Public Swimming Baths or Pools. (b) Privately-owned Swimming Baths or Pools open to public.</p>	<p>None in District. None in District.</p>

Eradication of bed bugs— Particulars of action taken during 1939.— Number of houses found to be infested Number of houses disinfested Methods employed for freeing infested houses from bed bugs. State name of fumigant and/or insecticide used and efficiency thereof. Methods employed for ensuring that the belongings of tenants are free from vermin before removal to Council houses. Is work of disinfection carried out by local authority or by a contractor? Measures taken by way of supervision or education of tenants to prevent infestation or re-infestation after cleansing.	(a) Council houses 24.) (b) Other houses 35.) 59 (a) Council houses 24. (b) Other houses 35. Fumigation and Spraying and Blow-lamp. Sulphur Candles. Slatford Insecticide, almost instant death on contact. Satisfactory. Insecticidal spray of articles belonging to tenants in condemned property. A number of mattresses were burned. Local authority.
Schools—(a) Sanitary Condition. (b) Water Supply.	Advice given by Sanitary Inspector. There are a number of Trough Closets at each of 3 schools (4 schools in district). Liverpool Corporation. Satisfactory? Yes.
Offensive trades.	One. Rag & Bone Merchant.
Action taken or needed.	None.
Date of any bye-laws in force in respect of offensive trades.	None in force.
Workshops and Workplaces : What is their condition ?	No. on Register, 35. Satisfactory
Common Lodging houses.	No. on Register, 1. What is their condition ? Repairs required. Date of bye-laws 15/3/32.
Houses let in Lodgings.	No. on Register. None kept. Action taken or required. None. Date of bye-laws. None in force.
Tents, Vans, Sheds, etc.	Date of bye-laws. None in force. Action taken or required. None.
Underground Sleeping Rooms.	Any need for regulations? No.
Canal Boats.	Number inspected. None in District.
Rag Flock Acts, 1911 and 1928 : State whether there are in the district any premises on which rag flock is manufactured, used or sold.	None. No. of samples taken. None.

4.—HOUSING.

(a) STATISTICS.

Number of new houses erected during the year :

(a) Total (including numbers given separately under (b))	...	...	85
(i) By the Local Authority	...	...	28
(ii) By other Local Authorities	...	...	None.
(iii) By other bodies and persons	...	...	57

(b) With State assistance under the Housing Acts :		
(i) By the Local Authority	... ..	28
(ii) By other bodies or persons	... ..	None.
1. Inspection of Dwelling-houses during the year :		
(1) (a) Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	... ..	476
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	... ..	1293
(2) (a) Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	... ..	None.
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	... ..	None.
(3) Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	... ..	1 new case
(4) Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	... ..	59
2. Remedy of Defects during the year without service of formal Notices.		
Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	...	95
3. Action under Statutory Powers during the year :		
A.—Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936.		
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	... ..	15
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices :		
(a) By owners	... ..	15
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	... ..	One.
*B.—Proceedings under Public Health Acts :		
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	... ..	14
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :		
(a) By owners	... ..	13
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	... ..	None.
C.—Proceedings under sections 11 and 13 of the Housing Act, 1936 :		
(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	... ..	5
(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	... ..	5
D.—Proceedings under section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936 :		
(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	... ..	None.
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	... ..	None.
(3) Number of back to back houses dealt with	... ..	None.
4. Housing Act, 1936—Part IV.—Overcrowding.		
(a) (i) Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	...	43
(ii) „ families dwelling therein	... ..	43
(iii) „ persons dwelling therein	... ..	352
(b) Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	... ..	1
(c) (i) „ of cases of overcrowding relieved by Local Authority	...	17
(ii) „ of persons concerned in such cases	... ..	119

A number of other cases also became "uncrowded" due to marriages and deaths.

1. **General Observations as to housing conditions**, including the standard of houses, the prevalent types, age and approximate numbers and general soundness of the several types—any information as to prevailing forms of defects and of prevailing bad conditions resulting from overcrowding : Approx. 31% of the total number of houses in the District were erected prior to 1890, 33% were erected between the years 1890 and 1918 and 36% from 1918 to date.

Approximate number of back-to-back houses in the district—10.

2. **Sufficiency of supply of houses.**

- (a) Extent of shortage, if any. There are a number of vacant houses in the district at a rental of 14/6 per week.
- (b) Particulars of any housing scheme in hand or contemplated. Second Scheme for rehousing from clearance areas completed. Houses for overcrowding to be considered.
- (c) Information as to any important changes in population during the period under review or anticipated in the future. None.
- (d) Any special difficulties in the way of providing suitable sites for new houses. No.

3. **Overcrowding.**

- (a) Number of cases of overcrowding in houses owned by the local authority which have been relieved during 1939. One.
- (b) Number of cases of overcrowding which have been relieved in the course of Slum clearance operations, 2.
- (c) Particulars of any cases in which dwelling houses have again become overcrowded after the local authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding. 2 houses re-let by Agents.
- (d) Any other particulars with respect to overcrowding, e.g. causes—how far it is due to inability to pay the rents of available houses, etc. Entirely due to shortage of larger houses at low rents.

4. **Fitness of houses.**

- (a) Difficulties found in action under the Public Health Acts or under the Housing Acts. None.
- (b) Special measures taken or suggested, e.g., in relation to particular types of insanitary property or in regard to arrangements for the gradual carrying out of programmes of repair. Proceeding under Housing Acts.
- (c) Number of houses which have not an adequate internal water supply, 9.
- (d) Number of houses which have no water closet or other adequate sanitary accommodation. None.

5. **Action taken during the year regarding Clearance Areas :—**

No. of areas represented—None.

No. of areas cleared, 3 comprising 24 houses cleared of tenants (one tenant left in occupation).

No. of new houses built to rehouse displaced tenants, 28.

Improvement Areas :—

No. of areas represented—None.

6. **Byelaws relating to houses, to houses let in lodgings, and to tents, vans, sheds, etc.**

Adequacy of existing bye-laws of each class, and special difficulties in or limits upon their enforcement. Bye-laws required with respect to houses let in lodgings and to tents, vans and sheds.

5.—INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

(a) Milk Supply. Action taken with regard to—	Milk Shops, cowsheds, and dairies periodically inspected, also milk-carts and vans.
The administration of The Milk and Dairies (Consolidation) Act, 1915, The Milk and Dairies (Amendment) Act, 1922, and The Milk and Dairies Order, 1926.	
The Milk (Special Designations) Order, 1936 and 1938.	
No. of dealers' licences issued by the local authority during 1937, in respect of :	" Tuberculin Tested " milk : Bottling : None. Distribution : None. Accredited milk. (a) Bottling : None. (b) Distribution : None.
No. of licences issued in respect of " Pasteurised " milk :	Pasteurising plants : None. Retail distributors : 2.
Method used for the pasteurisation of milk (" flash " or " holding ").	Holding.
Any refusal or revocation of registration of retailers or of licences for graded milk with reasons for the refusal or revocation.	None.
Dairies, Cowsheds, and Milkshops—	
Are they periodically inspected ?	Yes. How often ? Quarterly.
What is their condition ?	Satisfactory.
Have any notices been served during the year requiring structural alterations or improvements to farm buildings ?	None.
† Has any owner undertaken (voluntarily) structural alterations or improvements to farm buildings, <i>e.g.</i> the re-modelling of cowsheds ?	None.
Any information as to the cost of work, either actual or estimated, giving separately, if possible :	None.
Farms—	
Number of dairy farms.	3.
Approximate number of cows in the district.	30.
Cowkeepers—	
Number of cowkeepers (including the dairy farms).	3.
Number of inspections during the year.	27.
Dairymen or purveyors of milk (other than cowkeepers).	15.

Any arrangements for veterinary inspection of dairy cows? Give particulars.

If a Veterinary Inspector has been appointed give (a) the approximate number of cows inspected and (b) the number found to be suffering from tuberculosis.

Action taken by the local authority as to—

(a) (i) Tuberculous milk.
Number of samples submitted for bacteriological test.

(ii) Bacteriological examinations.

(iii) Sediment tests.

(b) Meat, &c.—Observations on—

(1) Action taken with regard to meat and other food, including inspection of slaughterhouses, meat shops, stalls and vehicles and places where food is prepared.

(2) Has a public slaughterhouse been provided?

Private slaughterhouses :—

Bakehouses :

Yes. Quarterly inspection of Milch cows by Veterinary Inspector.

(a) 30 cows inspected quarterly. (b) Nil.

8 for L.C.C. Result—Positive, 3.
Negative, 5.

Standard adopted, None.
None.

161 Inspections during the year.

No.

Number registered : 3. Number licensed :
None.

Number : 9. Condition : satisfactory.

CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED.

	Cattle (excluding Cows).	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs.	Pigs.
Number killed (if known)	62	3	2	108	110
Number inspected	62	3	2	108	110
<i>All diseases except Tuberculosis :</i>					
Whole carcasses condemned	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	5	1	„	Nil	Nil
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis ...	8.06%	33.3%	„	Nil	Nil
<i>Tuberculosis only—</i>					
Whole cases condemned ...	Nil	Nil	1	Nil	Nil
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	1	1	Nil	Nil	11
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	1.61%	33.3%	50%	„	10%

6. PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Hospital accommodation provided or available :—

For Smallpox : Yes. Where situate : Hospitals of Liverpool Corporation.

No. of Beds? Any available.

Is the hospital used by " agreement " or " arrangement " ?

By written agreement.

Are any retaining fees paid? Yes. £18 per annum.

For other infectious diseases : Yes. Where situate : Whiston Sanatorium.

Is the hospital used by " agreement " or " arrangement " ?

Joint Hospital Board.

Are any retaining fees paid? No.

Or, if a joint hospital, is the district a constituent authority?

Yes, since 1st March, 1938.

Are patients required to contribute towards cost of treatment? No.

Observations as to sufficiency or otherwise of the available accommodation :

Additional accommodation under consideration.

Has any action been taken or advised with the object of securing that the hospital accommodation available is utilised to the best advantage? No, not necessary.

Has action been taken to shorten the period of stay of uncomplicated cases of Scarlet Fever? No.

Or to replace hospital treatment in suitable instances by nursing and supervision at home? Cases are left at home in suitable instances.

Have any new methods been adopted for the selection of individual cases for which admission to hospital is most imperative? No.

Or any new decision as to the admission of cases of diseases such as measles or whooping cough? No.

Noteworthy facts as to the source or spread of infections. Nil.

The clinical type of and diffusion of

(a) Diphtheria—Moderately severe (b) Cerebro-spinal fever, None.

(a) Diphtheria antitoxin.—Notes on the supply and prompt use : Used promptly in every case.

Is a supply kept WITHIN the district? Yes. If so, where? Residence of M.O.H., 22, Church Street, Prescott, and Bixters' Limited, Prescott.

(b) Anti-meningococcus serum. Supplies can be quickly obtained from Liverpool.

Are any other vaccines or sera supplied free to medical practitioners? No.

Any relation between cases of scarlet fever and puerperal fever. No.

Pneumonia, malaria, and dysentery.—Experience in regard to these diseases :
Very little Pneumonia. Malaria and dysentery—Nil.

The extent to which school intimations of disease are utilised? Early investigation.

Pathological and bacteriological examination.—At which laboratory are specimens examined? EVANS'S Biological Institute, Runcorn, Cheshire.

Number of specimens examined in 1939 : Tuberculosis sputum, 15 ; Diphtheria, 264 Throat Swabs.

IMMUNISATION material supplied free to Medical Practitioners on request.

IMMUNISATION.—

Diphtheria.—Specify any action taken to provide artificial immunisation :—
at special clinics or day schools Immunisation scheme advertised, lectures given to parents and Immunisation carried out on school children and pre-school children.

Is immunisation material supplied free to medical practitioners? Yes on request.

No of children immunised during the year—

- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| (i) pre-school children 157. | Prophylactics used—Diphtheria Toxoid Antitoxin |
| | (Goat) (Park Davies & Co.) |
| (ii) school children 769. | Prophylactics used—ditto |
| (iii) adults none. | |

Have any post-Schick tests been undertaken? None.

If any of the following diseases are compulsorily notifiable in your district, state for what period (see Table on page 18) :

Measles— Whooping Cough— Diarrhoea (under 2 years)—No.

Chicken-pox—No.

Any others.—No.

Observations—None.

Number of times School Closure adopted during 1939 for—

Scarlet Fever—None. Whooping Cough—None. Diphtheria—Once. (July 7th to school holidays).

Chicken-pox—None. Measles—None. Influenza—One.

Any other diseases—None.

Number of reports made during 1939 under article 17 (7) of Sanitary Officers (outside London) Regulations, 1935. None.

Other diseases which have received special attention, *e.g.*, locally contracted anthrax, epidemic jaundice, rheumatic fever, undulant fever, glandular fever, or psittacosis? None.

Cancer. Any observations as to the prevalence of cancer? Any undue prevalence in particular organs? State any local action taken to improve facilities for diagnosis and treatment of cancer (whether by the local authority or otherwise)? None.

Are present facilities adequate? Yes (Liverpool Hospitals used).

Any use made of the facilities provided by National Radium Centres? Yes.

Any local investigation or action undertaken on the lines suggested in the series of Ministry's circulars on Cancer? No.

Prevention of Blindness :—

Action taken (if any) under Section 66 of the Public Health Act, 1925, for the prevention of blindness or for the treatment of persons suffering from any disease or injury to the eyes—None.

Disinfection after infectious disease :—

Number of houses disinfected during 1939. 126. Method (state disinfectant used) :—Fumigation by Sulphur or Formalin.

Are houses disinfected after (a) Pulmonary Tuberculosis. Yes. (b) Measles. No.

†Apparatus used for clothing, bedding, &c. (steam or otherwise).—None.

Number of articles disinfected.—Not known.

Where is apparatus situated? Steam apparatus at Whiston SANATORIUM.

†If apparatus at hospital is available, is it used for the disinfection of clothing, bedding, etc., of patients not removed to the hospital? No, clothing left in bedroom at time of disinfection.

DISINFESTATION :—

What arrangements exist for the disinfestation of verminous, etc., persons? Bathing and Disinfection.

In how many instances has disinfestation been carried out?—None.

The prevalence of any animal or insect pests such as rats, bugs, fleas, or mosquitoes, etc., should be referred to and particulars given of the measures taken for their suppression.—Bugs and fleas found mainly in old houses. Rooms and furniture are fumigated or sprayed.

" NOTIFIABLE " DISEASES	TOTAL CASES NOTIFIED.														Hospital.	
	Total Cases at all Ages (a)	YEARS												Total Deaths. (b)	Total Cases removed to Hospital from the district. (c)	Deaths in Hospital of persons belonging to district (d)
		Under 1	YEARS													
			1-2	2-3	3-4	4-5	5-10	10-15	15-20	20-35	35-45	45-65	65 and over			
Smallpox	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Scarlet fever... ..	44	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	32	—
Diphtheria (including membranous croup)	77	1	2	1	5	38	15	6	6	2	1	—	1	8	76	8
Enteric fever, (including paratyphoid)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Acute primary pneumonia...	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Acute influenzal pneumonia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Puerperal fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Puerperal pyrexia	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Cerebro-spinal fever	2	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—
Acute poliomyelitis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Acute polio-encephalitis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Encephalitis lethargica	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dysentery	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Ophthalmia neonatorum	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Erysipelas	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Malaria Contracted—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
In this country	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Abroad	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Any other diseases notifiable in district, e.g. :—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chicken-pox	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Measles, excluding German Measles... ..	2	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Whooping cough	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Any other disease—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
TOTALS	130	1	3	2	11	13	55	23	6	10	3	2	1	8	110	8

TUBERCULOSIS.

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1939.

Age Periods.	*NEW CASES.				DEATHS.			
	Respiratory		Non-Respiratory		Respiratory		Non-Respiratory	
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
0—1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1—5	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
5—10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10—15	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
15—20	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	1
20—25	1	—	—	1	1	1	—	1
25—35	—	—	—	1	—	2	—	—
35—45	—	1	—	—	1	1	—	—
45—55	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
55—65	4	—	—	—	3	—	—	—
65 and upwards	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
TOTALS	8		4		12		2	

*All primary notifications included, and any other new cases of tuberculosis coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health during the year.

What is the ratio of non-notified tuberculosis deaths to total tuberculosis deaths?
All notified.

In your opinion, is the notification of tuberculosis in your district efficient? Yes.

Has any action been taken in cases of wilful neglect or refusal to notify? No.

Is there any evidence of excessive incidence of, or mortality from, tuberculosis in any particular occupation in the district? No.

PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1925.

Any action taken under these Regulations relating to tuberculous employees in the milk trade—

Under Article 3—No.

„ 5—No.

„ 6—No.

„ 7—No.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1925 AND 1936.

Any action taken under Section 172, Public Health Act, 1936? None.

If so, No. of applications for Orders for compulsory removal to hospital.—None.

No. of cases in which Orders were granted—None. Observations—None.

7.—MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

Is the Maternity and Child Welfare work carried out by the *local* authority or by the County Council? County Council.

What arrangements have been made under the Public Health (Ophthalmia Neonatorum) Regulations, 1926 for :—Hospital Treatment—None. Provision of Nurses. None.

OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM

Cases			Vision Unim- paired	Vision Impaired	Total Blindness	Deaths
Notified	Treated					
	At Home	In Hospital				
Nil	Nil	Nil	No.	No.	Nil	Nil.

Child Life Protection (under Part I. of the Children Act, 1908, as amended by the Children and Young Persons' Act, 1932). Action taken—None.

REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE FACTORY AND WORKSHOP ACT, 1901, IN CONNECTION WITH

FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

1. INSPECTION OF FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES made by Sanitary Inspectors or Inspector.

Premises	Inspections	Number of Written Notices	Occupiers Prosecuted
Factories (Including Factory Laundries) ...	22	Nil.	Nil.
Workplaces (Other than Outworkers' premises) ...	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Total	22	Nil.	Nil.

2. DEFECTS FOUND IN FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

Particulars	Number of Defects			Number of offences in respect to which Prosecutions were instituted.
	Found	Remedied	Referred to H.M. Inspector	
NUISANCES UNDER PUBLIC HEALTH ACTS :				
Want of cleanliness	3	3	Nil.	Nil.
Want of ventilation	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Overcrowding	—	—	—	—
Want of drainage of floors (defective) ...	Nil.	—	—	—
Other nuisances	—	—	—	—
Sanitary accommodation { insufficient	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
unsuitable or defective				
not separate for sexes ...				

* Including those specified in sections 2, 3, 7 and 8 of the Factory and Workshop Act, 1901, as remediable under the Public Health Acts.

OFFENCES UNDER THE FACTORY AND
WORKSHOP ACTS :

Illegal occupation of underground bake-
house (s.101)

Other offences Nil. Nil. Nil. Nil.

(Excluding offences relating to outwork and
offences under the sections mentioned in
the Schedule to the Ministry of Health
(Factories and Workshops Transfer of
Powers Order, 1921)

Total 3 3 Nil. Nil.

OUTWORK IN UNWHOLESOME PREMISES, SECTION 108.

NATURE OF WORK.	Instances	Notices served	Prosecu- tions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Wearing Apparel—			
Making, &c.			
Cleaning and washing			
Household linen			
Lace, lace curtains and nets			
Curtains and furniture hangings			
Furniture and upholstery			
Electro-plate			
File making			
Brass and brass articles			
Fur pulling			
Cables and chains			
Anchors and Grapnels			
Cart gear			
Locks, latches and keys			
Umbrellas, &c.			
Artificial flowers			
Nets, other than wire nets			
Tents			
Sacks			
Racquet and tennis balls			
Paper, etc., boxes, paper bags			
Brush making			
Pea picking			
Feather sorting			
Carding, &c., of buttons, &c.			
Stuffed toys			
Basket making			
Chocolates and sweetmeats			
Cosaques, Christmas crackers, Christmas stockings, &c.			
Textile weaving			
Lampshades			
Total	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.

Notable Sanitary Improvements during 1939. Evacuation and demolition of property
in clearance areas.

Chief Sanitary Requirements of district.—Demolition of condemned property, paving
of back passages, re-conditioning of old property, Destructor for refuse dis-
posal and rebuilding of Yew Tree and Council Schools. Also Secondary School
for Girls required.

(Signed) S. M. GREEN,
Medical Officer of Health.

FEBRUARY, 1940.

